TUESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1863.

New York Daily Tribung

Terms of The Tribune:

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE

WEEKLY TRIBUNE. Per year (52 issues).....

Address THE TRIBUNE

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE WAR.

-Our Special Correspondent at Cairo says: "An expedition is fitting out, and is partly on the way, consisting of cavalry, infantry, and artillery from Cape Girardeau and some other posts, for Little Rock, Ark. It is highly probable that it will ter-

Hartford. Joyful salutes from all the forts and the inglithe welcome guests. The Hartford has been in battle at Forts Jackson and St. Philip, Fort Chalsonville. Her hull and spars and rigging bear the sand opposed to the Draft. On the contrary, the First Ward of our City and the Fourth candid.

dent Rebels in Virginia, who play the loyalist by proper, and constitutional. day and destroy railroads by night, that he has orthe roads, the people within ten miles of the place been their bitter antagonist ! this does not stop the depredations, he will send the entire population of the locality beyond his lines, and take their property for Government use.

-Frank Battle, of the Rebel army, who was captured a few days since, and taken to Nashville on constitutional provision which warrants such sponds: of the Rebel authorities.

ment of between 7,000 and 8,000 troops have arrived we raised nearly rian a summer and the foreign function with which we outside, and that they are to be landed to-night on Union armies during the later half of last life—journeymen mechanics, clerks, porters, ure of their own protection, with which we "a mockery, a delusion and a snare?" the south end of Folly Island,"

GENERAL NEWS.

committing, with others, an assault upon Mr. Scarles.

other boundies, to all volunteers who shall salist within sixty days. The ordinance suthorizes the Controller to rate \$2,500,000 on the faith and credit of the city for the object above specified. No definite action was taken in reference to the \$300 exemption.

There was a large increase in the number of buyers of stock yesterday morning, and a large advance in prices. Rumors of the heavy decrease of deposits in the Bank Statement had a depressing effect during the afternoon, and the market declined again. At the First Board the market declined again. At the First Board the market declined again. At the First Board the market declined again. Bank Statement had a depressing effect during the afternoon, and the market declined again. As the First Board the of all descriptions were higher than the closing prices of Saturday. In Government stocks there was a moderate business, without much change in prices. At the Second Board the market was been prices. At the Second Board the market was been prices. At the Second Board the market was been prices. At the Second Board the Confederacy see that Seymour does not want any corrections of the authorities at Liverpool?

Lord Palmerston, also backing up the Chief erroneous or partial enrollments, it is easy to see that Seymour does not want any corrections of the authorities at Liverpool? ness, without much change in prices. At the Second Board the market was heavy and lower, and only a light business recover their lost ground, and the Confederacy see that Seymour does not want any correction, also backing up the Chief the Confederacy see that Seymour does not want any correction, also backing up the Chief th was transacted. At the 4 o'clock public Board there was little further change in prices, and the market closed at about the cates of this Board, as there was little business done in the for Sterling, and 4.1024.67) for France. Freights are dull, and Lee, and Bragg, and Johnston, and Pemberton, pendence of his slave-whipping Confederacy. het is still setire, but the supply is abundant and the market ay at 526 P cent-6 P cent being the more general rate.

weapons were diverse, but their course the land Congressional District sums up as follows:

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the United States and the accomplished pettiand William B. Astor, after paying heavy taxes be so amended as to make it perfectly effective United States Supreme Court, made the day much attention to our affairs as the English. At fogger who, by virtue of last year's disasters on all they possess or consume, required to to the National arms and of the absence of hand over something like \$100,000 each as In-One Hundred Thousand of our Voters in the come Tax. To say that the payment of such National armies, has been temporarily inflicted taxes shall await a final adjudication of the on our State as Governor. Mr. Seymour sees power to impose them is to deprive the Gov. statutes; and as Parliament has since adfit, in an official paper, to attempt to bully ernment of the means to meet the fearful journed, we are left to the Courts of law for In this case, Chief Justice Marshall says, speak- in the past about the possibility of complicathe President into a surrender or postpone- drafts made by the war on its pecuniary re- a remedy to protect our commerce, unless the ing of an attempt to evade the law by resorting tions between France and the United States. ment of the Draft by such assertions and sources; for the ability to borrow rests on the covert menaces as the following:

of those who want the Rebellion suppressed from the one or the other. -Gen. Meade has been so much troubled by resi- who do not recognize the draft as necessary,

Davisites of our city understood this from the men in any way until his friend Jeff. Davis to belligerents, does it allow the enlisting beloutset. They fought for the same cause with has recruited his armies and secured the inde- ligerent seamen in a neutral port? tee are slightly lower by neutral vessels. The money mar- and like them, were beaten, though the " flank movement" of their Governor on Washington

thing about Gov. Seymour, and miscellaneous defy any one to show a plausible reason for ting the Internal Revenue law to the same bate in the British Parliament on the 23d ult., commerce. The counsel to the Crown, or the of course will be elected. ordeal. Military service is no more "compul- when Mr. Cobden, always the stanch friend Chief Baron, who was so ready to quote Web-We frust no reader, no citizen, will have sory," and not necessarily more disagreeable, of the American cause, called attention to the ster's Dictionary and Kent and Story to beat THE GREAT UNION VICTORIES IN failed to read thoughtfully the correspondence than the payment of Taxes. Here, for examrespecting the Draft between the President of ple, are Messrs. C. Vanderbilt, A. T. Stewart asked that the Foreign Enlistment act should have found a case in the decisions of the Yet no tax-payer within our knowledge-cer- method than they have yet done.

learn by consulting as I have done with men of all political Every paragraph of the Governor's letter is surcharged with covert hostility to the No. -Gov. Seymour has a right to speak for tional cause. Its exaggerations of the perils come out of the Mersey, and before they take discharging and re-enlisting their crew, to in Europe has at least a few words to say about minate in taking possession not only of the Capital, but of all the north part of the State. Since Coophere question his averment that they are opized army left, except the defeated and broken one posed to the Draft. But we dare him to pame whereon he affects to rely. Its assertions that under Holmes, who, banging around Helena, is pre- the Republicans whom he has consulted and our City and Brooklyn have hitherto furparing himself for being totally finished. Large who have given him any authority or warrant for nished their full proportions of the numbers enumbers of the numbers of th re-enforcements, by last accounts, were reaching his threat. Of the Three Hundred Thousand required, are grossly untrue. They did not required, are grossly untrue. who supported Gen. Wadsworth at our last furnish half the numbers required of them last street cabs." -Thecity was honored yesterday by the arrival of State Election, and of the Eighty Thousand year, as the returns in the hands of Gov. Seytwice, at Vicksburg, at Baton Rouge and at Donald- ensuing election, there are not one in a thou- It would be just as fair to credit them all to marks of 240 round shot and shell and unmention there are not in our whole State five per cent Ward of Brooklyn, because they generally ship We think the debate shows progress in the was no mention made of Henfield's case, great Union successes, by endeavoring to put

within early days. The ordinance antiforates the Controller to an elegated power specified. No definite action was taken in elegated above specified. No definite action was taken in reference to the \$500 example and the same of the production ordinance which was vetoed by the Mayor, as there was burney a government on the specified and the same of the wild, the recognition of its independence.

Here you see the leading Rebel oracles in his letter which we published yesterday. It is, that if the Alexandra were the Alabama, -There was a large increase in the number of Europe exulting over the Riots in our City however, worthy of note that Seymour thinks they would be bound to acquit that vessel if

> MISSOURI.-A St. Louis dispatch of the 7th weapons were diverse, but their course the HIId Congressional District sums up as follows:

S Knights of the Golden Circles the trial of lished by conclusive adjudication strikes at the elect Lindsay, though we do not expect it.

sell vessels to the Confederates, the Northern to a belligerent port, and there, after obtain- the successes of our armies at Gettysburg and surcharged with covert hostility to the Na- officers must try to get hold of them as they ing a commission, go through the ceremony of Vicksburg do not pass unnoticed. Every paper

the gallant Admiral Farragut, in his battle scarred ship more legal voters who would have supported mour's Adjutant will show. They were short not him had they not been absent in the military less than Ten Thousand Men. But it is grossly tude of the British Cabinet is anything but de los Anjos, p. 520; and the Santa Maria, of the Union, and his readiness to aid in French and Spanish war vessels in the harbor greetinclude and Spanish war vessels i mour and his fellow partisans have, for obvi- quarter seek this port to enter the Naval ser. by Lord Palmerston in indorsing Mr. Laird's the American Government give evidence of pendence, of the Southern Confederacy, all ous reasons, persisted in disfranchising at our vice of the Union to this City and Brooklyn. reflections upon assumed breaches of neutrality their construction of the Foreign Enlistment the Imperialist papers would be more openly

But we cannot follow the Governor through motives. The declaration of the Prime Min Court at Philadelphia, for a breach of inter- able to the Rebels. Thus the Constitutional, all his coils and quibbles. We will conclude ister is not, as The Times, in impudent disre-national neutrality in 1793, in enlisting in a the same semi-official paper which about a Can we not speak for these with more and with that one which has misled the President. gard of its own report, would make it, that French privateer, before we had any foreign year ago so strongly advocated the scheme of dered that hereafter, when any damage is done to thority than Horatio Seymour, who has ever Gov. S. picks out five New-York and Brooklyn "the American Government has no voice in enlistment statute!—a case considered of so Districts which are called on for large num- the enforcement of the Foreign Enlistment much importance that President Washington burg with the remark that "it was not un-The Governor in effect demands of the Pres- bers, and contrasts them with seven rural Dis- act," but, on the contrary, in their own types, made it a Cabinet question whether he expected, as Pemberton announced in his last ident that the Draft shall not be enforced tricts, carefully picked from the whole interior, in his own words, "The American Government ought not to call an extra session of Congress report, that he could only hold out ten days." until its constitutionality shall have been judi- to prove that the requirement from this end have a distinct right to expect that a neutral will to remedy the defect of the law disclosed by cially affirmed. (If he had pointed out the of the State is excessive. Mr. Lincoln re- enforce its municipal law if it be in their favor." it. (Wharton's State Trials, p. 89). And again, according to the same report of his But we forbear further comment on the fication the important bearing of the Union And again, according to the same report of his

Anauming that the districts are equal, one to another in

speech in The Times, the Premier says: "I Chief Baron's law and the Crown lawyer's

Chief Baron's law and the Crown lawyer's Saturday, has been placed in close confinement in the Penitentiary, to be held as a hostage for Capt-Harris, of the East Tennessee Cavalry, who, it is

The constitutionality of the act can only be reported, is confined in irons at Knoxville by order conclusively passed upon by the Supreme Court City Districts accordingly. But the Districts that there are ships building presumably for a our while to expect better redress at the youngest of the Liberal organs, but already that there are ships building presumably for a our while to expect better redress at the of the United States, which will not again be in are not "equal in entire population," as he belligerent between whom and other belligerents hands of an English jury! And yet, as will be belligerent between whom and other belligerents hands of an English jury!

-A private letter from Morris Island, dated Aug. I, shown that the imminent prospect of a Broft trisays: "It is just reported here that a re-enforcement of between 7,000 and 8,000 troops have arrived

we raised nearly Half a Million Men for the show that such a remedy would be merely

we raised nearly Half a Million Men for the show that such a remedy would be merely

life—journeymen, mechanics clerks, review. year-nearly all Volunteers; but, had there laborers, &c., who like a dip into had no concern. It was municipal, not interbeen no Draft impending, we should never city life, with its spectacles, its gaye- national law, and "passed for the defense of have obtained the half of them. Each ties, and its chances for adventure and British neutrality against any invasion of it by

watch; the watch was found open the person of the prisoner, who was found guilty, and sent to State prisoner, who was found guilty, and sent to State Prison for ten years.

What opposition to the Draft means, is perfectly understood on both sides of the Atlantic.

At a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen

Witness the following out-givings of eminent

Witness the following out-givings of eminent was found guilty, and sent to State of the West.

City or the young States of the West.

Again we entreat that Gov. Seymour's letter to the President be carefully read and for the Judges) that we have as good a monthly salary earned by his son.

City or the young States of the West.

Again we entreat that Gov. Seymour's letter to the President be carefully read and fit of the Judges) that we have as good a monthly salary earned by his son. P. S.-Gov. Seymour has written still another

the State, giving a vote of 151,243, are called proceedings in it, on which we dwelt in an follows: districts with 457,257 votes are asked for only the outrage seem. Chief Baron Pollock told the outrage seem. the nine districts gave majorities for the Democratic ticket, while the nineteen others gave of the Alabama, the Judge stopped them by right these gross wrongs." That the President by a comparison with the Alabama, why was trial at all events, would probably bring some so as that of Mr. C. Chauncey Burr. The

But if Chief Baron Pollock intended to ground his decision in the Alexandra case on the right of selling ships as an article of comcan law was referred to, to know what the several years. American doctrine actually is on that point? Morrill published a letter declining to be a "Democratic" newspapers of the Copperhead Sir Hugh Cairnes quoted for the defendants a candidate, but his friends unanimously re-nom-variety. One handered of them apprise their

tissima Trinidad, that we uphold the right of whether or no.

provision made to pay interest by taxation. to interfere in some more efficient and hearty new crew before entering on its hostile cruise otherwise the press, the exchange, and public (the Alabama only went as far as the Azores opinion in general, would not observe, respectquence of a violent, harsh policy before the constitutionality of the act is tested. You can sean the immediate future as well as L. The temper of the people to-day you can readily dupe." And the same volume contains no less It was, of course, to be expected that after the benefit of foreign nations. So, too, why show this again in their remarks on the two right direction, though probably from wrong indicted at common law in the U. S. Circuit upon the news a construction, the most favor-

-It is understood in the Army of the Potoman session till next December. Practically, therethat Lee has been re-enforced by Bishop-Gen. Policy entire Division; but at the same time Lee has sent a division to help Beauregard, at Charles has been re-enforced by Britania and the force has a division to help Beauregard has been re-enforced by Britania and the force has a division to help Beauregard has a has sent a division to help Beauregard, at Charleston. None of Lee's infantry are north of the
Rapidan.

Sent to our wasted arimes in the need until
next Spring, save as they may be obtained by
Volunteering. But experience has abundantly
Rapidan.

This giving us the benefit of their own municipminster, with their known intelligence and
Volunteering. But experience has abundantly
who kept amounting the approaching discoprophets of evil who kept amounting the approaching discoprophets of evil who kept amounting the approaching discoshown that the imminent prospect of a Droft is the President takes no account. Then there pounded by one of their ablest exponents, the issues which have arisen between us. Is any

OFFICE BROKERAGE.

We published yesterday a statement of the at howe by a dictatorship. Have obtained the half of them. Each three obtained three William Patten, charged with riot and assault and battery on the Tenth Avenue, on the 14th of July, what Volunteering did not. Hence public and selves. The same view has been enforced by on the recommendation of Mr. Fernando Wood, of Letus hone that the whole campaign will be so on the recommendation of Mr. Fernando Wood, "Let us hope that the whole campaign will be so battery on the Tenta Avenue, on the Tenta Avenue, on the Tenta Whole Campaign with Section and Section committing, with others, an assault upon Mr. Scarles, Committees, Bounties, Meetings, &c., whereby about midnight, on the 16th of July, on the steps of the men were obtained, as they could not the men were obtained, as they could not was ignorant—that one half of the salary in Prince Napoleon, calls the attention of its about midnight, on the 16th of July, on the steps of the men were obtained, as they could not the Jones House. The prisoner was found guilty, have been obtained. Now we are to go over their and remanded for sentence. John Hallegan pleaded a thrice-gleaned field, and of course the difficulty of the third part, one Mr. tories at Gettysburg and Vicksburg." The Jourand remanded for semence. John transgan pleased a thrice-gleaned held, and of course the dathguilty to an indictment for rist, and was remanded until Wednesday for sentence. John Hagan's case until Wednesday for sentence. John Hagan's case until Mednesday for sentence until Mednesday for sentence. John Hagan's case until Mednesday for sentence until Mednesday for sen until Wednesday for sentence. John Hagan's case in this case a little more complete when it is the other journals mentioned for the mount. Then our rural districts, beside sending alon by the English Premier? Coupled with known that McKinney was a private messenger, progress and for the political institutions of the ifundred Thousand Men now by naked Volun-teering than Three Hundred Thousand then. largely of their young men to the War, are the concession of that wily statesman is this if we are correctly informed, in the Mayer's United States, expects that the opening of the with Pat. Sherron at the time he was arrested.

John Wilson was tried for robbery in the first de
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John Wilson was tried for robbery in the first de
John Wilson was tried John Wilson was tried for robbery in the first degree. He committed an assault upon Michael Lynch been raised in four months then, but for the West where fully half of our young farms.

And no Three Hundred Thousand would have declaration to the American Government: office, when the city enjoyed the distinguished honor of having Mr. Fernando Wood as its across the Potomac, are likely to have a decigree. He committed an assault upon Michael Lynch of Essex County, N. Y., on the night of the 20th inexorable Draft in the back-ground, indication of the war. of Essex County, N. Y., on the night of the 20th inexorable Draft in the back-ground, indicat-of July. Lynch lost about \$200 in money and his ing that the men must be had, in one way or in the back-ground, indicat-was over, he was still kept near the person of In conclusion, we must not forget to mentively far fewer men liable to Draft than this cannot be settled till Autumn. I can't say the ex Mayor, by being placed in his private tion the attitude of two papers which, though

> The Controller, who, it seems, does not ap- Indépendance Belge of Brussels. Both have letter to the President. He regrets the re- know anything wrong about the Alabama case. preciate this method of paying Mr. Wood's been unswerving advocates of the justice of adherents out of the public Treasury, while our cause, and, like all the Liberal papers of the clerks of his own office get only half and France, they view and represent the war as a three-eights pay for services rendered, has rebellion of the Slave Power against the legitdraft only a few months ago, who represented about Mr. Laird's new indictment against us of given notice that all who submit to pay such imate authority of the United States. Both brokerage shall be dismissed unless they insti- look upon the recent events as decisive of the tute proceedings for the recovery of moneys so war. a draft (though he now opposes it) the most the Crimean war, a case which, as every body this side the Atlantic knows, strengthens our paid. We trust that officer will adhere to The French papers which are on our side that determination. But there is still another are in general much more confident as to our public official who, it seems to us, has a duty final success than the same class of English to perform in the premises. We beg leave to papers. Of the latter, even if they had alcall the attention of the District-Attorney, and ways shown themselves uncompromising oppoaffirmative and the negative, the President is of course presumed to be tossed upon the Minister carries us back to the importance of the Minister

districts altogether? Does he not know there are thirty-three districts in the State—or do not the five emitted districts help his special that of the Alabama. And yet when the plea? He adds, as a special affront, that Counsel for the Crown were offering proof to be punished by imprisonment in the County Jail, not less

sub-divisions of the salaries of public clerks.

VERMONT.-Election, Tuesday, Sept. 1.

Union,
For Governon-John G Smith, St. Albans,
For Linternant-Governon-Paul Dillingham, Waterbury,
For Transcreas-John S. Fage, Rutland.

Democratic.
For Governon-T. P. Redfield Montpeller.
For LUBUTEDNANT-GOVERNON-E. A. Chapin, Rutland.
For TREASUREE-R. McK. Ormeby, Bradford. REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

Unten.
1. --Frederick E. Woodbridge, Vergennes.
11. --Justin S. Morrill, Stafford.
III. --Fortus Baxter, Derbyshire.

Democratic.

I.—John A. S. White, Northfield.

II.—Charles N. Davenport, Wilmir

III.—Giles Harrington, Alburgh.

Woodbridge is nomimated in place of E. P. movement of their Governor on Washington to The Chicago Tribune says the vote of the merce—a point which we have shown he thrust draws to private life. He is an able young we trust it will select some less cowardly unexpectedly on the counsel for the Govern- man, and one of the most eloquent speakers in mode. ment-why did not they, why did not he, look New-England. He has served in both branches carefully into the American cases, as Ameri- of the Legislature, and as State Auditor for

the rioters, &c. On the third page, some- existence of the Federal Government. We FURTHER OF ENGLISH NEUTRAL dictum of Judge Story in the case of the San- instead him, and he will have to serve them

We published last week a sketch of the de-neutrals selling ships of war as articles of Baxter is also unanimously re-nominated, and

The journals of France do not generally pay so background. Whatever may have been thought

Of course, events of so much importance as

other hand, point out with more or less grati-

eign intervention. And the Washington Government will then retain forever the imperishable bonor of having freed a whole race of mankind from bondage, of having corried on a fearful war, and despised the impotent ill-will of the great Powers of Europe, and all this without suffocating freed

have now little or no doubt left as to this

F. O. J. SMITH. The Sham Democracy of Maine recently

in six mouths, nor over two years, and by fine not less than | held a large State Convention at Portland, and received back into formal fellowship Mr. F. O. As the Statute of Limitations could not be J. Smith, who has for three or four years pleaded in this case it is possible that a con-stood aloof. Mr. Smith made them a speech viction might be procured under this law. A which was warmly applauded-nearly as much interesting facts to light as to the divisions and following extract from Mr. Smith's speech affords a fair measure of the loyalty of the Con-

vention and the party:

"We are (said Mr. S.) in the midst of two wars, one looking to an exercischment on the rights of States, and an opposition to such eneroachment; and the other damper is from a foreign war. Mexico is in the possession of France, and in alliance with England. A foreign war may burst upon us at alliance with England. A foreign war may burst upon us at any memeat—within sixty or ninety days. The coast of Maine may inuocalizely become endangued, and this is more than an Abraham Lincoln joke. We may soon be lighting for our own homes and firestickes. For this we may want on our own homes and iterations. We should not send if from the State to Apht for any contradictation of power. Thus is tohat threatens us not.

State to Apht for they can be smalled its bid for men or money—
The Government has made its bid for men or money—
\$300 in lieu of a man. He would pay the money, and would advise all to do so—every farmer, if it took the last call. Pay the Administration the thirty pieces of silver it asks, and keep the man at home. Let the battler for the conlintion of the negro above the white man be fought with the money."!

—It is to this spirit, and the Governors it

elects, that the Federal Government is asked to surrender its power of self-preservation, Walton, who, after six years' service, with Should it ever resolve on committing suicide,

KENTUCKY.

We exchange with about three hundred

A STATE OF STATE